

Record of an individual Cabinet member decision

Local Government Act 2000 and the Local Authorities (Executive Arrangements) (Meetings and Access to Information) (England) Regulations 2012

Decision made by	Councillor Felix Bloomfield		
Key decision?	No		
Date of decision (same as date form signed)	10 October 2018		
Name and job title of officer requesting the decision	Ricardo Rios Senior Planning Policy Officer (Neighbourhood)		
Officer contact details	Tel: 01235 422600 Email: <u>Ricardo.Rios@southandvale.gov.uk</u>		
Decision	 To accept all modifications recommended by the Examiner; to determine that the Chalgrove Neighbourhood Development Plan, as modified, meets the basic conditions, is compatible with the Convention rights, complies with the definition of a neighbourhood development plan (NDP) and the provisions that can be made by a NDP; and to take all appropriate actions to progress the Chalgrove Neighbourhood Development Plan to referendum. A date for the referendum is set for Thursday 22 November 2018. the referendum area should not extend beyond the neighbourhood area approved by the District Council on 21 December 2012. 		
Reasons for decision	 The Chalgrove Neighbourhood Development Plan (the Plan), as modified by the Examiner's recommendations, has had regard to national policies and advice contained in guidance issued by the Secretary of State. A requirement to have regard to policies and advice does not require that such policy and advice must necessarily be followed, but it is intended to have and does have to a significant effect. The principal document in which national planning policy is contained is the National Planning Policy Framework (2012) (NPPF) and this conclusion is reached bearing this in mind. The advice within national Planning Practice Guidance ("NPPG") and the revised NPPF (2018) has also been borne in mind in reaching this conclusion. 		

2.	Having considered all relevant information, including representations submitted in response to the Plan, the Examiner's considerations and recommendations, the council has come to the view that the Plan recognises and respects relevant constraints such as areas that are at risk of flooding. The Plan has developed a positive suite of policies that aim to safeguard the character and appearance of Chalgrove and meet the indicative housing requirement identified by the local planning authority.
3.	There are clear overlaps between national policy and the contribution that the submitted Plan makes to achieving sustainable development. Sustainable development has three principal dimensions – economic, social and environmental. The Plan has set out to achieve sustainable development in the neighbourhood area. In the economic dimension the Plan includes site allocations for residential development (Policies H1a and H1b) and a policy supporting the facilitation of home working (H3). In the social role, it includes a policy on community facilities (CF2 and CF3) and on dwelling mix. In the environmental dimension the Plan positively seeks to protect its natural, built and historic environment. It has specific policies on the location of development (C1) and design and character (C2).
4.	As a whole, the council is satisfied that the Plan sets out to achieve sustainable development in the plan area. It contains policies to support sustainable development in the village, having appropriate regard to flood risk, heritage assets, the character of the village, and its position as a larger village in the local settlement hierarchy.
5.	The Plan, as modified by the Examiner's recommendations, is in general conformity with the strategic policies contained in the Development Plan for the area. Criterion 3 of Policy CSS1 (The overall strategy) of the South Oxfordshire Core Strategy (2012) is particularly relevant to the settlement of Chalgrove, it sets out that: proposals for development in South Oxfordshire should be consistent with the overall strategy of supporting and enhancing the larger villages as local service centres.
6.	Criterion 5 of Policy CSS1 is relevant to the wider neighbourhood area, it sets out that: outside the towns and villages, and other major developed sites, any change/development will need to relate to very specific needs or enhancement of the environment.
7.	Policy CSH1 of the Core Strategy deals with the amount and distribution of housing in the district. It sets out that

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	planning permission will be granted to meet housing requirements in Table 7.1 in accordance with Tables 7.2 to 7.3. The policy directs the reader to Table 7.3 - which identifies the figure of: 1,154 homes to be allocated in a Site Allocations Development Plan Document for the larger villages in the district. As regards the distribution of this figure, the Core Strategy only went as far as setting out that at least 500 homes should be provided in the central Oxfordshire area in order to secure general conformity with the South East Plan.
	8. Preparation of the Site Allocations Development Plan Document was superseded by the preparation of the emerging South Oxfordshire Local Plan. In September 2013, a cabinet paper proposing distribution numbers for the larger villages, as a basis for taking forward neighbourhood plans in advance of the Local Plan was approved by the council. The figure apportioned to Chalgrove is 80 homes. This number has been used by the council when considering the Core Strategy housing requirements for Chalgrove.
	9. Policy CSR1 (Housing in villages) of the Core Strategy (2012) is also relevant. It guides the nature and scale of housing development in accordance with the position of the settlement in the district wide settlement hierarchy. Notably, as a larger village, Chalgrove is expected to have housing allocations and there is no limit on the size of infill development sites.
	10. Paragraph 5.24 of the council's emerging Local Plan (Publication Version October 2017), sets out that Chalgrove is not expected to deliver an additional 15% growth over and above the strategic allocation in that location. On 15 May 2018, the Council endorsed Cabinet's recommendations to do more work to determine the most suitable locations for strategic development before the Local Plan is submitted for examination. This issue arose because of concerns over the delivery of Chalgrove Airfield strategic allocation.
	11. In the event that the strategic allocation in Chalgrove does not go ahead, it would be reasonable to expect Chalgrove to plan for at least 15% growth plus the historic requirement from the Core Strategy, in line with what is proposed for the larger villages in the district. The Plan, as modified by the examiner, supports the strategic priorities of the district and makes a positive contribution towards meeting housing needs. Notably, the Plan allocates sites which combined will deliver approximately for 320 homes. The proposed site allocations ensure that the level of growth identified in the emerging Local Plan can be met and potentially exceeded.

12. The Plan, as modified by the examiner, may influence development brought forward by the council's emerging Local Plan, such as the potential strategic allocation at Chalgrove Airfield, provided there is no conflict between the policies in the neighbourhood plan and the emerging Local Plan, when adopted. Should there be any conflict, section 38(5) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 requires that the conflict must be resolved by the decision maker favouring the policy which is contained in the last document to become part of the development plan. Therefore, when adopted, the emerging South Oxfordshire Local Plan will supersede any conflicting policies in a made neighbourhood plan.
 13. The Plan, as modified by the Examiner's recommendations, would not breach, and be otherwise incompatible with EU obligations, including the following Directives: the Strategic Environmental Assessment Directive (2001/42/EC); the Environmental Impact Assessment Directive (2011/92/EU); the Habitats Directive (92/43/EEC); the Wild Birds Directive (2009/147/EC); the Waste Framework Directive (2008/50/EC); and the Water Framework Directive (2008/50/EC); and the Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC). In addition, no issue arises in respect of equality under general principles of EU law or any EU equality directive. In order to comply with the basic condition on European Union legislation the Qualifying Body has prepared a Sustainability Appraisal Report. The report was updated to assess the Qualifying Body's response to the examiner's preliminary recommendations. The updated report was subject to public consultation. The Sustainability Appraisal prepared by the Qualifying Body incorporates a Strategic Environmental Assessment. The Sustainability Appraisal sets out how it was developed in an iterative fashion with the wider preparation of the plan itself (Figure 2.1). Table 4.2 sets out a comprehensive range of sustainability issues in the paris to which the plan responds to. Section 4.3 describes the principal environmental characteristics of the plan area. Section 5.2 makes an assessment of the neighbourhood plan objectives against a wider set of sustainability objectives. Section 6 and 7 also cover the prediction of effects and mitigation. Section 8 sets out proposed local monitoring indicators. 14. The Plan, as modified by the Examiner's
recommendations, would not give rise to significant

environmental effects on European sites. The Council commissioned a screening report on the impact of development proposed in the Plan on EU Special Areas of Conservation (SACs) and this was completed in November 2017. The HRA screening report concluded that the Plan will not have any likely significant effects on the integrity of European sites around South Oxfordshire. Natural England was consulted on the council's screening opinion and raised no concerns with its conclusions. The council decided to commission an update to the screening report in light of the recent judgment from the Court of Justice of the European Union 'People over Wind, Peter Sweetman v Coillte Teoranta (Case C- 323/17)' which ruled that Article 6(3) of the Habitats Directive should be interpreted as meaning that mitigation measures should be assessed as part of an Appropriate Assessment and should not be taken into account at the screening stage. The revised screening assessment concluded that the Plan will not have any likely significant effects on the integrity of European sites. Natural England confirmed on 23 August 2018 that they agree with the conclusion of the report that the Chalgrove Neighbourhood Plan will not give rise to likely significant effects on European sites, either alone or in-combination with other plans or projects, and Appropriate Assessment is therefore not required.
15. The Plan, as modified by the Examiner's recommendations, is in all respects fully compatible with Convention rights contained in the Human Rights Act 1988. There has been full and adequate opportunity for all interested parties to take part in the preparation of the Plan and to make their comments known.
16. The Plan, as modified by the Examiner's recommendations, complies with the definition of an NDP and the provisions that can be made by a NDP. The Plan sets out policies in relation to the development and use of land in the whole of the neighbourhood area; it specifies the period for which it is to have effect and it does not include provision about development that is 'excluded development' (county matters, waste development, Annex 1 Environment Impact Assessment Development, Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects).
17. The council cannot make a decision that differs from the Examiner's recommendations about the referendum area. Therefore, there is no reason to extend the referendum area beyond the boundaries of the designated plan area as they are currently defined.
18. The individual modifications proposed by the Examiner are set out in Appendix 1 alongside the council's decision

	
	in response to each recommendation and the reasons for them. The Examiner's Report is available in Appendix 3.
	19. The examiner noted in his report that his examination was focused on whether the plan's policies meet the basic conditions. The examiner made recommendations relating to the drafting of a number of the policies but considered to be beyond the remit of his role, as the examiner, to be recommending changes to the supporting text. To ensure that the plan reads as a coherent document the examiner directed the qualifying body and the council to agree changes to supporting text and consequential modifications. These additional changes are noted in appendix 2.
	 20. The National Planning Policy Framework was revised on 24 July 2018 and sets out the government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied. The policies in the previous Framework (published on 27 March 2012) will apply for the purpose of examining plans, where those plans are submitted on or before 24 January 2019. Paragraph 213 sets out that policies should not be considered out-of-date simply because they were adopted prior to the publication of the Framework. Due weight should be given to them, according to their degree of consistency with the Framework. The council is satisfied that the polices in the Chalgrove Neighbourhood Plan are consistent with the revised National Planning Policy Framework (2018). 21. The council has taken account of all the representations received.
Alternative options rejected	 Make a decision that differs from the Examiner's recommendation If the council deviates from the Examiner's recommendations, the council is required to: notify all those identified on the consultation statement of the parish council and invite representations, during a period of six weeks, refer the issue to a further independent examination if appropriate.
	Refuse the Plan The council can decide that it is not satisfied with the plan proposal with respect to meeting basic conditions, compatibility with Convention rights, definition and provisions of the NDP even if modified. Without robust grounds, which are not considered to be present in this case, refusing to take the Plan to a referendum could leave the Council vulnerable to a legal challenge.
	Reason for rejecting alternative options:

	These and			- 4
	These options were rejected because the district council is minded to agree with all of the Examiner's modifications and his conclusion that the Plan, as modified, meets the basic conditions and relevant legal requirements.			
Legal implications	The process undertaken and proposed accords with planning legislation.			
Financial implications	The progress to r budget is availabl grant to the count	le. The budget cil.	is funded by the	
Other implications	There are no othe	er implications.		
Background papers considered	 The Chalgrove Neighbourhood Plan and supporting documents. National Planning Policy Framework (2012) National Planning Practice Guidance (July 2014) and subsequent updates). South Oxfordshire Core Strategy 2012 Saved policies from the South Oxfordshire Local Plan 2011 South Oxfordshire District Council Emerging Local Plan 2033 (Publication Version October 2017) and Evidence base documents Chalgrove Neighbourhood Plan Environmental Report. Chalgrove Neighbourhood Plan HRA Screening Report. Representations submitted in response to the Chalgrove Neighbourhood Plan. National Planning Policy Framework (2018) 			
Declarations/conflict of interest? Declaration of other councillor/officer consulted by the Cabinet member?	None			
List consultees		Name	Outcome	Date
	Ward councillor	David Turner	No comment	
	Legal	lan Price	Agreed	10/10/2018
	Finance	Richard Spraggett	No comment	
	Human Resources	Capita HR	Agreed	10/10/2018
	Sustainability	Heather Saunders	Agreed	05/10/2018
	Diversity and equality	Cheryl Reeves	Agreed	05/10/2018
	Communications	Gavin Walton	Agreed.	05/10/2018
	Head of Service	Adrian Duffield	Agreed, subject to incorporated changes.	10/10/2018

	Elections	Marcia Beviere	No response	
Confidential decision? If so, under which exempt category?	No			
Call-in waived by Scrutiny Committee chairman?	N/A			
Cabinet member's				
signature To confirm the decision as set	SignatureCouncillor Felix Bloomfield Date10 October 2018			
out in this notice.				

ONCE SIGNED, THIS FORM MUST BE HANDED TO DEMOCRATIC SERVICES IMMEDIATELY

For Democratic Services office use only			
Form received	Date: 10 October 2018	Time: 17:00	
Date published to all councillors	Date: 11 October 2018		
Call-in deadline	Not applicable		

Appendix 1

Policy/ Section	Examiner's recommendations	Council's Decision	Justification/Reason
Policy C1- Development Within the Built – up Area	Retitle the policy "Location of Development" Insert at the end of the policy "Reuse of existing buildings in the countryside; Diversification of agricultural and other land-based rural businesses and operational development necessary for existing businesses so long as the development does not encroach upon the open countryside. Proposals for residential development outside the built-up area of Chalgrove will only be supported if it is necessary or suitable for a countryside location and is consistent with development plan policies".	Agree	The council considers the modifications proposed by the examiner to be necessary to ensure the policy has sufficient clarity and is not overly restrictive.
Policy C2– Design and Character	At the start of the policy insert "Within the built-up areas of Chalgrove and/ or sites allocated for development in Policy H1 or other allocated sites in the development plan within the plan area,"	Agree	The council shares the examiner's view that the criteria in Policy C2 is not relevant to development away from the village or non- residential development. The council raised concerns in relation to the effect the policy may have on non-residential development or on any strategic allocation in Chalgrove. The Council expressed support for the examiners preliminary view that the application of the policy should be restricted to development within or adjacent to the built-up area of Chalgrove and suggested that the policy should not apply to other allocated sites in the development plan

			within the plan area. Whilst the modification proposed by the examiner does not restrict the scope of the policy so that it does not apply to a strategic allocation in Chalgrove, as suggested by the council, policy C2 is sufficiently flexible and will not place excessive burden on new development. Furthermore, should a strategic allocation be brought forward through the Local Plan, strategic Local Plan polices would take precedence.
Policy H1– Housing Site Allocation	Replace all the wording after "200 dwellings" and insert "as shown on the aerial photograph, described as Map 4 and at H1 option B land to the east of Chalgrove for up to 120 dwellings as shown on the aerial photograph, described as Map 4a". If the plan's aerial photographs are to be changed to maps in the future versions of the plan then the wording of the policy should be amended so as to remove references to aerial photographs and it may be necessary to make further consequential changes.	Agree	The council considers the proposed modification necessary to ensure that the policy supports the strategic priorities of the district and makes a positive contribution towards meeting housing needs. Notably, as modified, the policy allocates sites which combined will deliver approximately for 320 homes. The proposed site allocations will ensure that the level of growth identified in the emerging Local Plan can be met and potentially exceeded.
Policy H1A – Land to the West of Marley Lane	Delete a) In e) After "All" delete "development" and insert "new buildings and roads" and after "Zone 1" insert "incorporating Sustainable Urban Drainage measures. In f) delete "ownership and maintenance to be agreed with the Scout Group" In h), delete the second sentence. In j) insert a	Agree	The council considers the proposed modifications necessary to ensure that the policy has the clarity required by the NPPF and to ensure the policy does not set out excessive and inappropriate requirements.

	comma after "semi- detached".		
New Policy H1B- Land to the east of Chalgrove	Insert the following policy: Policy H1B- Land to the East of Chalgrove Site H1 B is allocated for up to 120 dwellings, subject to the following: (i)The proposed development conforming to the policies contained in the Chalgrove Neighbourhood Plan and the Development Plan and; (ii) The following site specific requirements. a) Provide a vehicular entrance on to the B480 via a roundabout, and provide pedestrian entrances onto a new B480 footpath and via the upgraded existing footpath onto Monument Road. Provide safe pedestrian crossing across the entire extent of Monument Road from the footpath to the High Street. b) Provide open areas within the development. c) The existing public footpath to be retained. d) All development to be undertaken in Flood Zone 1 with appropriate and effective flood mitigation measures which ensure that flood risk is not increased to neighbouring properties and where possible is decreased. e) Provide high quality play areas including a Multi-Use Games Area (MUGA) or a Neighbourhood Equipped Area for Play (NEAP). f) A maintenance agreement to be in place for all public open spaces including grass verges and waterways. g) Overall up to 10% or more new homes	Agree	The council considers the addition of this policy necessary to ensure the Plan supports the strategic priorities of the district and makes a positive contribution towards meeting housing needs.

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should have 1-bedroom, a minimum of 35	%
should have 2, a minimum of 35% should	
have 3, and up to 15% can have 4 or more	
bedrooms unless viability or other materia	
considerations show a robust justification	or
a different mix	
h) Approximately two-thirds of new homes	
should be terraced or semi-detached, and	
one-third detached properties unless viabi	lity
or other material considerations show a	
robust justification for a different mix	
i) Roads within the development to be wid	
enough to accommodate two cars	-
j) Minimum of two off road parking places	
excluding garage to be provided for 1 to 3	
bedroom homes, a minimum of 3 spaces	
including garage to be available for 4	
bedroom houses unless viability or other	
material considerations show a robust	
justification for a different mix	
k) 40% of development to be made availal	
for affordable housing	
I) Survey existing trees, hedgerows and	
wildlife to retain valuable resources and	
habitat. Maintain the current open drainag	
ditch which runs along the West side of the	
site. Planting of additional trees and hedge	
will be strongly encouraged to improve	
biodiversity and provide a buffer between	
existing homes and the new development.	
m) Development should be phased in	
tandem with the timely provision of	
infrastructure to help support sustainable	
growth	
n) Development must be informed by a	

	stage program of archaeological evaluation and mitigation, carried out by a professional archaeological organisation in accordance with a written scheme of investigation approved by South Oxfordshire District Council, prior to any development taking place. Any find should be recorded and listed for further examination and the work should include a full report which should be published and placed in a public archive.		
Policy H2– Dwelling Mix	At the end of the second sentence replace "include link and semi- detached dwellings" by "be made up of approximately two thirds terraced or semidetached properties, and one third detached properties, unless viability or other material considerations justify a different mix".	Agree	The council considers the proposed modifications necessary to ensure that the policy has the clarity required by the NPPF.
Policy H4– Residential Parking	In the first bullet point, delete "in the supporting Design and Access Statement".	Agree	As noted by the examiner, this policy offers locally distinctive criteria for assessing the siting of car parking, beyond the numerical standards set out in Parking Standards. The council considers the proposed modification necessary to ensure the policy can be applied consistently to all residential development, instead of being applicable only to residential development which require a Design and Access Statement.
Policy H5 – Walking /Cycling	Insert "major" after "new".	Agree	The council considers the proposed modification necessary to ensure that the policy does not place overly onerous requirements on small scale residential

			development.
Policy CF1 – Community Infrastructure Levy	Delete the Policy and replace as a non- development plan "Community Aspiration" or similar.	Agree	As noted by the examiner, this policy is not a planning policy that can be used to determine a planning application. As a Statement of Intent, it is perfectly appropriate for the Parish Council to set out its spending priorities in the neighbourhood plan document, but it should not be a development plan policy. It should instead be clearly identified as a community action, community aspiration or similar. That is the advice of the Secretary of State in the Planning Practice Guidance. Having regard to national planning policy and guidance, the council considers the examiner's recommendation necessary and appropriate.
Policy CF2 - Community Assets	Change the title of the policy to "Assets of Community Value"	Agree	The council considers the proposed modifications necessary to ensure that the policy has the clarity required by the NPPF.
Policy CF3 – Improvement to Community Assets	Replace "of any other established community use" by "community building,".	Agree	The council considers the proposed modifications necessary to ensure that the policy has the clarity required by the NPPF.

Appendix 2

Section	Agreed change	Justification/Reason
Page 14, Table 1, Objective 8	Replace: 'CF1 - Community Infrastructure Levy' with 'Community Infrastructure levy - Supporting statement appendix 1'	To align supporting text with the examiner's recommendation to delete policy CF1 and present the text as a supporting statement.
Page 42, 5.4, Objective 8	Replace: 'CF1 - Community Infrastructure Levy' with 'Community Infrastructure levy - Supporting statement appendix 1'	To align supporting text with the examiner's recommendation to delete policy CF1 and present the text as a supporting statement.
Page 13	Addition of paragraph 4: Community Infrastructure Levy - The Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) is received in respect of all qualifying development that takes place in the plan area. The supporting statement sets out the spending priorities for the CIL. A number of projects have been identified through the neighbourhood plan preparation process and would significantly benefit the village community facilities and environment. Projects related to desilting, flooding and amenities will contribute to meeting the Neighbourhood Plan objectives.	To align supporting text with the examiner's recommendation to delete policy CF1 and present the text as a supporting statement.
Page 29	Delete last sentence: '(need to add map of indicative plan for site 7)*****'	Map now included.
Dege 42	In percentant 1: replace '/acc Table 4 balaw	To align supporting toxt with the oversizer's
Page 42	In paragraph 1: replace '(see Table 4 below - Project List for Developer Funding)' with 'see supporting statement - appendix 1'	To align supporting text with the examiner's recommendation to delete policy CF1 and present the text as a supporting statement.

Page 9	In the third paragraph of point 3.2.1 replace '7' with '8'.	Factual correction. The village plan was adopted in 2010, so now 8 years ago.
Page 14 Village Character Objective 1 and Page 15 point 5.2	Replace 'C1 Development within the Built Up Area' with 'C1 Location of Development'	To align supporting text with the examiner's recommendation to rename policy C1.
Page 14 Community Assets Services and Facilities Objective 8 and Page 42 Objective 8	Replace 'CF2 Community Asset' with 'CF2 Assets of Community Value'	To align supporting text with the examiner's recommendation to rename policy CF2.
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Page 43 last paragraph	Remove 'One has a Chinese takeaway'	Factual correction. There is no longer a takeaway available from the pub
Paragraph 2.2	Replace '2018' with '2019'	Factual correction. Changes to the timetable for the adoption of the South Oxfordshire emerging Local Plan

Appendix 3

Examiner's Report

Guidance notes

- 1. This form must be completed by the lead officer who becomes the contact officer. The lead officer is responsible for ensuring that the necessary internal consultees have signed it off, including the chief executive. The lead officer must then seek the Cabinet portfolio holder's agreement and signature.
- Once satisfied with the decision, the Cabinet portfolio holder must sign and date the form and return it to the lead officer who should send it to Democratic Services immediately to allow the call-in period to commence. Tel. 01235 422520 or extension 22520. Email: <u>democratic.services@southandvale.gov.uk</u>
- 3. Democratic Services will then publish the decision to the website (unless it is confidential) and send it to all councillors to commence the call-in period (five clear working days) if it is a 'key' decision (see the definition of a 'key' decision below). A key decision cannot be implemented until the call-in period expires. The call-in procedure can be found in the council's constitution, part 4, under the Scrutiny Committee procedure rules.
- 4. Before implementing a key decision, the lead officer is responsible for checking with Democratic Services that the decision has not been called in.
- 5. If a key decision has been called in, Democratic Services will notify the lead officer and decision-maker. This call-in puts the decision on hold.
- 6. Democratic Services will liaise with the Scrutiny Committee chairman over the date of the call-in debate. The Cabinet portfolio holder will be requested to attend the Scrutiny Committee meeting to answer the committee's questions.
- 7. The Scrutiny Committee may:
 - refer the decision back to the Cabinet portfolio holder for reconsideration or
 - refer the matter to Council with an alternative set of proposals (where the final decision rests with full Council) or
 - accept the Cabinet portfolio holder's decision, in which case it can be implemented immediately.

Key decisions: assessing whether a decision should be classified as 'key'

The South Oxfordshire and Vale of White Horse District Councils' Constitutions now have the same definition of a key decision:

A key decision is a decision of the Cabinet, an individual Cabinet member, or an officer acting under delegated powers, which is likely:

- (a) to incur expenditure, make savings or to receive income of more than £75,000;
- (b) to award a revenue or capital grant of over £25,000; or
- (c) to agree an action that, in the view of the chief executive or relevant head of service, would be significant in terms of its effects on communities living or working in an area comprising more than one ward in the area of the council.

Key decisions are subject to the scrutiny call-in procedure; non-key decisions are not and can be implemented immediately.

In assessing whether a decision should be classified as 'key', you should consider:

- (a) Will the expenditure, savings or income total more than £75,000 across all financial years?
- (b) Will the grant award to one person or organisation be more that £25,000 across all financial years?
- (c) Does the decision impact on more than one district council ward? And if so, is the impact significant? If residents or property affected by the decision is in one ward but is close to the border of an adjacent ward, it may have a significant impact on that second ward, e.g. through additional traffic, noise, light pollution, odour. Examples of significant impacts on two or more wards are:
 - Decisions to spend Didcot Garden Town funds (significant impact on more than one ward)
 - Changes to the household waste collection policy (affects all households in the district)
 - Reviewing a housing strategy (could have a significant impact on residents in many wards)
 - Adopting a supplementary planning document for a redevelopment site (could significantly affect more than one ward) or a new design guide (affects all wards)
 - Decisions to build new or improve existing leisure facilities (used by residents of more than one ward)

The overriding principle is that before 'key' decisions are made, they must be published in the Cabinet Work Programme for 28 calendar days. Classifying a decision as non-key when it should be a key decision could expose the decision to challenge and delay its implementation.